# Nam Long Investment Corporation

Interim separate financial statements

30 Sep 2017

# Nam Long Investment Corporation

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# INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET as at 30 September 2017

<u></u>				VNE
Code	ASSETS	Notes	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
100	A. CURRENT ASSETS		1,806,898,175,486	1,956,102,996,394
110	I. Cash and cash equivalents	4	203,318,966,300	255,845,852,248
111	1. Cash		147,909,143,432	118,029,587,481
112	Cash equivalents		55,409,822,868	137,816,264,767
120	II. Short-term investment	5	_	25,822,085,285
123	Held-to-maturity investment		-	25,822,085,285
130	III. Current accounts receivable		1,271,055,115,913	1,294,884,686,352
131	Short-term trade receivables	6	184,447,381,099	335,464,317,008
132	Short-term advances to	7	000 000 470 000	F04 004 400 04F
135	suppliers 3. Short-term loan receivables	8	669,203,173,293 146,974,190,411	531,634,120,017 210,241,572,411
136	Other short-term receivables		270,616,132,605	217,730,438,411
137	5. Provision for doubtful debts		(185,761,495)	(185,761,495)
140	IV. Inventories	10	330,438,353,597	·
141	1. Inventories	/ /	330,438,353,597	<b>379,274,858,231</b> 379,274,858,231
			000, 100,000,001	0,0,2,1,000,201
150	V. Other current assets		2,085,739,676	275,514,278
151	Short-term prepaid expense	S	2,069,345,529	275,514,278
152	Value-added tax deductible		16,394,147	•
200	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS		4,469,614,844,842	3,393,740,537,664
210	I. Long-term receivables		95,594,492,985	158,711,312,338
215	<ol> <li>Long-term loan receivables</li> </ol>	8	50,000,000,000	37,300,000,000
216	2. Other long-term receivables	9	45,594,492,985	121,411,312,338
220	II. Fixed assets		4,710,975,100	5,909,971,853
221	<ol> <li>Tangible fixed assets</li> </ol>		3,483,468,529	4,162,149,713
222	Cost		8,661,332,628	8,622,832,628
223	Accumulated depreciation		(5,177,864,099)	(4,460,682,915)
227	2. Intangible fixed assets		1,227,506,571	1,747,822,140
228 229	Cost Accumulated amortisation		4,695,194,894	4,695,194,894
ĺ			(3,467,688,323)	(2,947,372,754)
230	III. Investment properties		-	-
231	1. Cost		816,491,827	816,491,827
232	Accumulated depreciation		(816,491,827)	(816,491,827)
250	IV. Long-term investments	11	4,357,809,112,880	3,214,641,902,026
251	1. Investments in subsidiaries	11.1	3,605,809,112,880	3,140,275,472,880
252	2. Investments in a jointly			
050	controlled entity	11.2	750,000,000,000	22,400,000,000
253	3. Investment in other entities	11.3	2,000,000,000	51,966,429,146
260	V. Other long-term assets		11,500,263,877	14,477,351,447
261	<ol> <li>Long-term prepaid expenses</li> </ol>	;	3,920,502,300	7,444,843,686
262	2. Deferred tax assets		7,579,761,577	7,032,507,761
<del></del>	TOTAL 1005-0			
270	TOTAL ASSETS		6,276,513,020,328	5,349,843,534,058

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Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
300	c.	LIABILITIES		3,562,335,633,630	3,059,992,304,512
310	1.	Current liabilities		1,705,280,408,252	1,816,633,725,857
311		<ol> <li>Short-term trade payables</li> </ol>	12	39,360,392,451	183,702,913,747
312		<ol><li>Short-term advances from</li></ol>			
		customers	13	350,996,988,131	371,941,791,040
313		3. Statutory obligations	14	18,993,147,750	69,320,278,767
314	ľ	Payables to employees		7,425,668,510	13,429,225,659
315		5. Short-term accrued expenses	15	604,477,891,652	544,238,608,117
319		6. Other short-term payables	16	259,255,495,369	337,576,606,956
320		7. Short-term loans	17	411,482,897,107	294,486,468,259
322		8. Bonus and welfare fund		13,287,927,282	1,937,833,312
330	11.	Non-current liabilities		1,857,055,225,378	1,243,358,578,655
337		1. Other long-term liabilities		2,877,546,955	2,453,549,515
338		2. Long-term loans and debts	17	1,369,814,236,548	762,261,387,000
339		3. Convertible bond	18	468,918,550,314	463,083,450,079
341		4. Deferred tax liabilities		2,696,372,479	2,696,372,479
342		5. Long-term provisions		12,748,519,082	12,863,819,582
400	D.	OWNERS' EQUITY		2,714,177,386,698	2,289,851,229,546
410	1.	Capital	19	2,714,177,386,698	2,289,851,229,546
411		1. Share capital		1,572,264,090,000	1,421,145,100,000
411a		<ul> <li>Shares with voting rights</li> </ul>		1,572,264,090,000	1,421,145,100,000
412		2. Share premium		492,051,147,061	492,161,147,061
413	1	<ol><li>Convertible bond options</li></ol>		40,503,427,830	40,503,427,830
418		<ol><li>Investment and development</li></ol>			
		fund		5,940,860,165	5,940,860,165
421		<ol><li>Undistributed earnings</li></ol>		603,417,861,642	330,100,694,490
421a		<ul> <li>Undistributed earnings by</li> </ul>			
,,,,		the end of prior year		130,386,791,500	186,714,027,547
421b		<ul> <li>Net profit after tax of current period</li> </ul>		473,031,070,142	1/2 286 666 0/2
		σαιτστικ ρ <del>ο</del> τίου		473,031,070,142	143,386,666,943
440	TO	TAL LIABILITIES AND			
770		/NERS' EQUITY		6,276,513,020,328	5,349,843,534,058
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Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer

Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant Chee Kwang General Director

18 October 2017

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Code	ļ	ITEMS	Not es		Qua	Quarter 3		mulated
			<b>53</b>	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year	
01	1.	Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	20.1	242,872,389,636	283,558,243,911	686,797,673,192	1,310,512,597,124	
02	2.	Deductions	20.1	-	-	(1,484,466,390)	-	
10	3.	Net revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	20.1	242,872,389,636	283,558,243,911	685,313,206,802	1,310,512,597,124	
11	4.	Costs of goods sold and services rendered	21	(212,897,981,704)	(225,477,765,015)	(577,208,561,996)	(1,057,201,857,881)	
20	5.	Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services		29,974,407,932	58,080,478,896	108,104,644,806	253,310,739,243	
21	6.	Finance income	20.2	474,780,269,077	42,339,681,934	563,029,561,862	81,567,215,354	
<b>22</b> 23	7.	Finance expenses - In which: Interest expenses	22	(36,995,718,768) (37,376,082,970)	(49,553,460,576) (11,352,606,611)	(1 <b>05,683,939,712</b> ) (93,013,979,539)	( <b>73,871,025,634</b> ) (27,543,737,245)	
24	8.	Selling expenses		(2,094,423,442)	(21,303,037,786)	(21,611,564,141)	(96,163,575,808)	
25	9.	General and administration expenses		(23,367,883,158)	(20,342,221,854)	(69,827,335,522)	(63,542,940,655)	
30	10.	Operating profit		442,296,651,641	9,221,440,614	474,011,367,293	101,300,412,500	
31	11.	Other income		512,474,258	1,083,279,597	1,976,240,668	3,679,311,419	
32	12.	Other expenses		(33,454,341)	(3,636,809)	(34,212,623)	(172,374,605)	
40	13.	Other profit		479,019,917	1,079,642,788	1,942,028,045	3,506,936,814	
50	14.	Accounting profit before tax		442,775,671,558	10,301,083,402	475,953,395,338	104,807,349,314	
51	15.	Current corporate income tax expense	23	(1,813,520,969)	(1,299,515,815)	(3,469,579,014)	(18,725,539,990)	
52	16.	Deferred income tax income	23	639,277,751	1,506,588,210	547,253,818	3,061,453,896	
60	17.	Net profit after tax		441,601,428,340	10,508,155,797	473,031,070,142	89,143,263,220	

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer

18 October 2017

Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant

E I I P HO OF Chee Kwang General Director

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the nine-month period ended 30 Septemper 2017

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		ĺ	For the nine-month	For the nine-month
		i	period ended	period ended
Code	ITEMS	Notes	30 September 2017	30 September 2016
		770.00		oo depterriber 2010
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
ı	ACTIVITIES			
01	Profit before tax		475,953,395,338	104,807,349,314
	Adjustments for:		,,,	
02	Depreciation and amortisation		1,237,496,753	943,110,756
03	Reversal of provision		-	(142,119,600)
04	Foreign exchange losses arising from		•	1,625,497,346
	revaluation of monetary accounts			
05	denominated in foreign currency Profits from investing activities		(562 020 564 962)	(04 567 045 054)
06	Interest expense	22	(563,029,561,862) 93,013,979,539	(81,567,215,354) 27,543,737,245
	morest expense		90,010,919,009	27,040,737,245
80	Operating profit before changes in		7,175,309,768	53,210,359,707
	working capital			
09	Decrease (increase) in receivables		185,391,918,159	(348,623,461,801)
10	Decrease in inventories		35,662,950,592	367,651,482,317
11 12	Decrease in payables		(327,680,960,496)	(363,240,634,402)
14	Decrease in prepaid expenses Interest paid		1,232,661,247	6,900,489,631
15	Corporate income tax paid		(53,735,493,106) (42,374,410,516)	(21,776,859,634) (33,456,309,759)
16	Other cash inflows from operating		428,997,440	(33,430,309,739)
.	activities		420,001,440	_
17	Other cash outflows from operating		(1,575,360,575)	(3,644,726,611)
	activities			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
20	Net cash flows used in		(195,474,387,487)	(342,979,660,552)
	operating activities		(199,474,307,407)	(342,979,000,002)
	•			
	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		!	
21	Purchases of fixed assets		(38,500,000)	(1,886,699,751)
23	Loans to other entities		(34,559,000,000)	(40,300,000,000)
24	Collections from borrowers and		28,664,682,000	1,984,043,120
ł	proceeds from sale of debt instruments		_0,00 ,,00_,000	1,001,010,120
j	of other entities			
25	Payments for investments in other		(1,197,311,750,000)	(502,301,774,937)
00	entitles	1	. <b></b>	
26	Proceeds from sale of investments in other entities		158,366,429,146	222,025,671,424
27	Interest and dividends received		312,494,683,940	45,707,554,827
-	THE TOTAL AND ALTRICATED TO SOLVE		012,404,000,040	40,707,004,027
30	Net cash flows used in investing		(732,383,454,914)	(274,771,205,317)
ł	activities			·
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING			
-	ACTIVITIES			
31	Issuance of convertible bond		<u>-</u>	40,503,427,830
	Drawdown of borrowings		1,165,763,336,107	761,324,515,916
33		1	(254,709,643,452)	(183,932,530,000)
34	Repayment of borrowings	[	(204,709,040,402)	(100,802,000,000)
	Repayment of borrowings Dividends paid		(35,722,736,202)	(65,891,165,768)
34 36				

·····				VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2017	
50	Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(52,526,885,948)	(65,746,617,891)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		255,845,852,248	154,620,194,401
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	203,318,966,300	88,873,576,510

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer Luong Thi Kim Thoa Chief Accountant NAIVI LOINE Kwang General Director

Cổ PHÂN ĐÂU TU NAM LON

18 October 2017

### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nam Long Investment Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 4103004194 issued by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") on 27 December 2005, as amended.

The Company's shares were listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with code NLG in accordance with Decision No.14/2013/QD-SGDHCM issued by HOSE on 25 January 2013.

As at 30 September 2017, the Company has fourteen direct subsidiaries, two indirect subsidiaries and one jointly-controlled entity with details as follows:

Company	Location	Business
Subsidiaries		
Nam Long Property Management and Development One Member Limited Company ("Nam Long PMD")	Ho Chi Minh City ("HCMC)	Construction and real estate
Nam Long Service Joint Stock Company ("Nam Long Service")	HCMC	Service and construction
Nam Long - Hong Phat Joint Stock Company ("Nam Long - Hong Phat")	Can Tho City	Construction and real estate
Nguyen Son Real Estate Joint Stock Company ("Nguyen Son")	НСМС	Real estate
Nam Long Apartment Development Corporation ("Nam Long ADC")	HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nam Long Real Estate Transaction Floor One Member Limited Liability Company ("Trading Floor")	НСМСЯ	Real estate trading floor
Nam Khang Construction Investment Development On Member Limited Liability Company ("Nam Khang")	e HCMC	Construction and real estate
Nam Vien Construction and Design Consulting Joint Stock Company ("Nam Vien")	HCMC	Service
Nam Khang Construction Materials Trading Company Limited ("Nam Khang Materials")	НСМС	Construction material trading
Nam Long VCD Corporation ("Nam Long VCD")	Long An Province	Construction and real estate
Nam Phan Investment Corporation ("Nam Phan")	HCMC	Construction and real estate
NLG – NNR – HR Fuji Limited Liability Company ("NLG – NNR – HR Fuji")	НСМС	Construction and real estate
Nguyen Phuc Real Estate Trading and Investment Company Limited ("Nguyen Phuc")	НСМС	Real estate
Thao Nguyen Real Estate Business and Investment Company Limited ("Thao Nguyen")	НСМС	Real estate
NNH Kikyo Flora Company Limited ("Kikyo Flora")	HCMC	Real estate
NNH Kikyo Valora Company Limited ("Kikyo Valora")	HCMC	Real estate
Joint venture		
NNH Mizuki Joint Stock Company ("NNH Mizuki")	HCMC	Real estate

### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

The current principal activities of the Company are civil and industrial construction; housing trade (construction, renovation of houses for sale or lease); ground levelling, construction of drainage systems; installation and repair of electrical systems under 35KV; housing brokerage services; sale and purchase of construction materials; investment in construction and trade of urban areas. Investment in construction, trade, management and lease of: office buildings, supermarkets, schools, swimming pools, hotels, restaurants, golf course, sports facility zones and resorts (outside office premises); project management advisory service; design verification; real estate brokerage services; real estate exchange services; real estate consulting services; real estate management services.

The Company's head office is located at 11 Floor, Capital Tower, 6 Nguyen Khac Vien, Tan Phu Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City and one branch in Can Tho City, Vietnam.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Purpose of preparing the interim separate financial statements

The Company has subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 11.1. The Company prepared these interim separate financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specifically the Circular No. 155/2015/TT-BTC on disclosure of information on the securities market. In addition, as required by these regulations, the Company has also prepared the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2017.

Users of the interim separate financial statements should read them together with the said interim consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the interim consolidated financial position, interim consolidated results of operations and interim consolidated cash flows of the Group as a whole.

### 2.2 Accounting Standards and System

The interim separate financial statements of the Company expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 27 – Interim Financial Reporting and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- ▶ Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying interim separate balance sheet, interim separate income statement, interim separate cash flow statement and related notes, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim separate financial position and interim separate results of operations and interim separate cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

### 2.3 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

### 2.4 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its separate financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

### 2.5 Accounting currency

The interim separate financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three (3) months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### 3.2 Inventories

Inventories comprise development projects undertaken by the Company which are in the work in progress stage and including mainly apartments, town houses and villas for sale under construction and land held for sale.

Apartments, town houses and villas for sale under construction are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs include all expenditures including borrowing costs, directly attributable to the development and construction of the apartments, town houses and villas. Net realizable value represents current selling price less estimated cost to complete apartments, town houses and villas, and estimated selling and marketing expenses.

Land held for constructing apartments, town houses and villas which is presented as part of "Inventories" is carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs include all expenditures including borrowing costs directly related to the acquisition, site clearance, land compensation and infrastructure construction. Net realizable value represents estimated current selling price less anticipated cost of disposal.

### Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value of inventories owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the interim balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the interim separate income statement.

### 3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the interim separate financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after the provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the interim balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the interim separate income statement.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.4 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation.

The cost of a fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim separate income statement as incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) included in the interim separate income statement.

Land use rights ("LURs")

LURs are recorded as intangible fixed assets if the land is held for use in the production or business, for rental to others by the enterprise and when the Company receives the LUR certificate. The cost of LUR comprises any directly attributable costs of preparing the land for its intended use. LUR with indefinite useful life is not amortised.

The advance payment for land rental, of which the land lease contracts have effectiveness prior to 2003 and the land use rights certificate being issued are recorded as intangible asset according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 25 April 2013 guiding the management, use and depreciation of fixed assets ("Circular 45"). The land use right is amortized over the useful life, except for land use right having indefinite useful life is not amortised.

### 3.5 Leased assets

Where the Company is the lessee

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the interim separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company is the lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are included as the Company's investment properties in the interim separate balance sheet. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are recognised in the interim separate income statement as incurred.

Lease income is recognised in the interim separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 3.6 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Machinery and equipment	5 - 12 years
Buildings and structures	25 years
Motor vehicles	6 - 8 years
Office equipment	4 - 8 years
Computer software	5 years

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost including transaction costs less accumulated depreciation and amortisation.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognized is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Company.

Depreciation and amortisation of investment properties are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures

6 - 25 years

LURs with indefinite useful life are not amortised.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the interim separate income statement in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

### 3.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and are recorded as expense during the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalized as explained in the following paragraph.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset.

### 3.9 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the interim separate balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

The following types of expenses are recorded as long-term prepaid expense and are amortised to the interim separate income statement:

- Tools and consumables with large value issued into construction and can be used for more than one year;
- Show houses; and
- Commission fee.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.10 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries over which the Company has control are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the subsidiaries arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the interim separate income statement. Distributions from sources other than from such profits are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

Interests in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures over which the Company has joint control with the other venture are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the joint ventures arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the interim separate income statement. Distributions from sources other than from such profits are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are stated at their acquisition costs.

Provision for investments

Provision is made for any diminution in value of the investments in capital of other entities at the interim balance sheet date in accordance with the guidance under Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated 7 December 2009 and Circular No. 89/2013/TT-BTC dated 28 June 2013 issued by the Ministry of Finance. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expense in the interim separate income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as expense in the interim separate financial statements and deducted against the value of such investments.

### 3.11 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

### 3.12 Accrual for severance pay

The severance pay to employee is accrued at the end of each reporting period for all employees who have been in service for more than 12 months up to 31 December 2008 at the rate of one-half of the average monthly salary for each year of service up to 31 December 2008 in accordance with the Labour Code, and related implementing guidance. The average monthly salary used in this calculation will be revised at the end of each reporting period following the average monthly salary of the 6-month period up to the reporting date. Increases or decreases to the accrued amount other than actual payment to employee will be taken to the interim separate income statement.

This accrued severance pay is used to settle the termination allowance to be paid to employee upon termination of their labour contract following Article 48 of the Labour Code.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.13 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- transactions resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection; and
- transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the transaction of commercial banks designated for payment.

At the end of the period, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual transaction exchange rates at the interim balance sheet dates which are determined as follows:

- monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly; and
- monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly.

All foreign exchange differences are taken to the interim separate income statement.

### 3.14 Appropriation of net profit

Net profit after tax is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Company maintains the following reserve funds which are appropriated from the Company's net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting:

Investment development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Company's expansion of its operation or of in-depth investments.

▶ Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the interim separate balance sheet.

### 3.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of villas, town houses and apartments

For villas, town houses and apartments sold after completion of construction, the revenue and associated costs are recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the villas, town houses or apartments have passed to the buyers.

Sale of residential plots and related infrastructure

Revenue from the sale of residential plots and related infrastructures are recorded at the total consideration received when residential plots and related infrastructures are transferred to the customers.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.15 Revenue recognition (continued)

Rendering of other services

Revenue is recognised when services have been rendered and completed.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividends

Income is recognised when the Company's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the terms of the lease.

### 3.16 Taxation

### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the interim balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the interim separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the interim balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except where the deferred income tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each interim balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each interim balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.16 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the interim balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the interim separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or when the Company intends either settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred income tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

### 3.17 Convertible bond

Bonds that are convertible by the holder into a fixed number of ordinary shares of the entity are separated into financial liability (a contractual arrangement to deliver cash or other financial assets) and equity instrument (a call option granting the holder the right, for a specified period of time) based on the terms of the contract.

On issuance of the convertible bond, the fair value of the liability component is determined by discounting the future payment (including principal and interest) to present value at the market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond less issuance cost. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of issuance costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption.

The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders' equity. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent periods.

Transaction costs are amortised during the lifetime of the bond. At initial recognition, issuance costs are deducted from the liability component of the bond.

### 3.18 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influences over the Company, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the families of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

**VND** 

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the nine-month period ended 30 Sep 2017

### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	VND
30 September 2017	31 December 2016

TOTAL	203,318,966,300	255,845,852,248
Cash equivalents	55,409,822,868	137,816,264,767
Cash in transit	10,000,000,000	-
Cash at banks	137,366,417,510	116,727,567,533
Cash on hand	542,725,922	1,302,019,948

Cash equivalents comprised bank deposits with original maturity of less than three months and earn interest at the rate of from 5.2% to 6.5% per annum.

### 5. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Held-to-maturity investments represented the term deposits at the commercial banks with the original maturity of six months and earned the interest at the rates ranging from 6.2% to 6.5% p.a.

### 6. SHORT TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

	30 September 2017	VND 31 December 2016
Trade receivables from other customers  Trade receivables from related parties (Note 24)	107,971,314,414 76,476,066,685	256,789,333,126 78,674,983,882
TOTAL	184,447,381,099	335,464,317,008

### 7. SHORT TERM ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
Advances for purchases of land use rights - Hoang Nam Company Limited - Others Advances to subcontractors - Dien Quang Nguyen Construction Joint Stock Company	586,401,332,531 531,000,000,000 55,401,332,531 68,190,079,490 12,137,084,331	477,481,353,363 471,000,000,000 6,481,353,363 49,606,220,537 9,715,513,304
- Others Advances to related parties (Note 24)	56,052,995,159 14,611,761,272	39,890,707,233 4,546,546,117
TOTAL	669,203,173,293	531,634,120,017

### 8. LOAN RECEIVABLES

9.

LOAN RECEIVABLES					
		30 Septemb	er 2017	31 Dece	VND mber 2016
Loans to related parties (Note 2	·4)	196,974,	190,411	247,5	41,572,411
In which : Short-term Ioan Long-term Ioan		146,974, 50,000,0			41,572,411 00,000,000
Details of the loan receivables a	re as follows:				
Borrower	30 September 201 VN		e date	Interest rate % p.a	Purpose
Nam Long VCD Corporation					
Loan 1	146,974,190,41	1 31 Dece	ember 2017	10.5 S	upport their working
Loan 2	50,000,000,00	<u>0</u> 25 May	2019	10.0	capital needs
	196,974,190,41	1			
OTHER RECEIVABLES					
		30 Septemb	er 2017	31 Dece	VND mber 2016
Short-term Loan interest receivable Staff advances for land compe	nsation and	101,903,8	814,529	85,70	08,856,176
legal purpose		77,171,9	997,000	91,5	18,062,566
Receivable from investment in Cooperation Contracts ("BCC" Prepayment of corporate incon	)	68,741,	108,872	24,2	10,353,467
payment progress of customer Staff advances for other purpo	S		326,824 376,815		32,277,840 36,578,197
Others	-		508,565		24,310,165
	_	270,616,	132,605	217,7	30,438,411
Long-term Investments in BCC projects (i) Deposit Others	) -	1,980,	090,180 108,931 293,874 492,985	2,16 1,9	54,530,680 59,883,275 76,898,383 11,312,338
TOTAL	<u>-</u>	316,210,	625,590	339,1	41,750,749
In which: Due from third parties Due from related parties (Note	24)	187,584, 128,626,			19,415,606 22,335,143

### 9. OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(i) This amount mainly represented the BCC with 21 Century Joint Stock Company in 2015 to develop Lot 9B7 Residential Area on an area of 5.9 hectares in South Sai Gon Urban Area. The Company has 60% interest in this BCC. As at 30 September 2017, this project was under completion stage and hand over.

### 10. INVENTORIES

		VND
	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
Inventory properties under development (i)	304,153,196,086	334,136,771,077
Engineering Procurement Contracts services (ii) Work in progress	20,426,909,717 5,858,247,794	39,624,145,207 5,513,941,947
TOTAL	330,438,353,597	379,274,858,231
(i) Inventory properties under development:		
Phuoc Long B Project - extension	75,564,689,898	72,484,697,580
Tan Thuan Dong Project	67,071,262,569	62,498,691,311
Binh Dương Project Hoang Nam Residence Project (*)	1,708,357,500	25 6 40 606 056
Can Tho Project	82,780,769,327 46,697,785,635	35,642,626,256 53,785,486,674
Go O Moi Project	15,264,278,732	12,561,986,261
Long An projects (*)	11,776,693,547	72,812,161,417
E.Home West Saigon Project	11,110,000,041	12,012,101,411
("Ehome 3 Project")	-	22,776,201,587
Other projects	3,289,358,878	1,574,919,991
(ii) Engineering Procurement Contracts ("EPC") services:	-,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Nguyen Son Project	-	8,820,304,900
Camelia Project	19,746,976,856	17,149,989,506
Phu Huu Project		13,430,592,654
Other projects	679,932,861	223, 258, 147

- (\*) The following land use rights have been mortgaged to secure the Company's outstanding borrowings (Note 17):
  - Land use right in An Thanh Ward, Ben Luc District, Long An Province; and
  - Land use right in An Lac Ward, Binh Tan District, Ho Chi Minh City.

### 11. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

 VND

 30 September 2017
 31 December 2016

 Investments in subsidiaries (Note 11.1)
 3,605,809,112,880
 3,140,275,472,880

 Investments in a jointly-controlled entity (Note 11.2)
 750,000,000,000
 22,400,000,000

 Other long-term investments (Note 11.3)
 2,000,000,000
 51,966,429,146

 TOTAL
 4,357,809,112,880
 3,214,641,902,026

### 11.1 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries as at the interim balance sheet date comprise the following:

		30 September 2017		31 L	December 2016
Subsidiary		Interest	Cost of investment	Interest	Cost of investment
		%	VND	%	VND
Nam Long VCD	(i)	90.40	1,008,544,090,000	90.40	970,322,200,000
Nguyên Sơn NLG – NNR – HR Fuji	(i)	87.30 50.00	687,034,822,800 355,214,839,707	87.30 50.00	687,034,822,800 355,214,839,707
Nam Phan Nam Long ADC		99.96 97.14	611,686,896,717 286,698,033,000	99.96 97.14	321,686,896,717 286,698,033,000
Kikyo Valora Nam Khang		50.00 100	215,927,250,000 201,981,690,000	50.00 100	99,000,000,000 201,981,690,000
Nam Long PMD		100 50.00	77,872,707,656 64,000,000,000	100 50.00	77,872,707,656 25,410,500,000
Kikyo Flora Nam Long – Hồng Phát	4.,	75.25	47,782,500,000	75.25	47,782,500,000
Thảo Nguyên Nguyên Phúc	(i)	50.00 50.00	28,483,116,500 12,043,166,500	50.00 50.00	28,483,116,500 32,043,166,500
SGD Nam Long Dich vu Nam Long		100 100	6,000,000,000 2,540,000,000	100 71.29	6,000,000,000 745,000,000
TOTAL			3,605,809,112,880		3,140,275,472,880

<sup>(</sup>i) These subsidiaries are still under construction phase as at 30 September 2017 and up to the date of these interim separate financial statements.

### 11.2 Investments in a jointly-controlled entity

		30 8	September 2017	31 L	December 2016
Jointly controlled entity	Business	Interest %	Cost of investment VND	Interest %	Cost of investment VND
NNH Mizuki	Real Estate	50	750,000,000,000	-	-
Gamuda - Nam Long Development Limited Liability Company	Real Estate	-	-	30	22,400,000,000
			750,000,000,000		22,400,000,000

### 11. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

### 11.3 Other long-term investments

11.3	Other long-term investments		
		30 September 2017	VND 31 December 2016
	Bac Trung Nam Housing Development Joint Stock Company Can Tho – Hong Phat Project	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000 49,966,429,146
	TOTAL	2,000,000,000	51,966,429,146
12.	SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES		
			VND
		30 September 2017	31 December 2016
	Trade payables to related parties (Note 24) Trade payables to other suppliers	31,820,523,718 7,539,868,733	161,639,968,148 22,062,945,599
	TOTAL	39,360,392,451	183,702,913,747
13.	SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOME	ERS	
			VND
		30 September 2017	31 December 2016
	Advances from other suppliers (*) Advances from a related party (Note 24)	260,996,988,131 90,000,000,000	371,941,791,040
	TOTAL	350,996,988,131	371,941,791,040
	(*) This amount represented advances from co	ustomers for apartments	, town houses, villas

and land purchases which are not yet handed over.

### 14. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

TOTAL	18,993,147,750	69,320,278,767
Other tax	-	2,489,443
Personal income tax	1,234,745,388	2,861,293,811
Value- added tax	4,255,260,539	12,234,754,276
Corporate income tax	13,503,141,823	54,221,741,237
	30 September 2017	VND 31 December 2016

### 15. SHORT TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

		VND
	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
Cost-to-complete of projects		
that revenues have been recognised	512,532,380,506	479,602,212,283
Interest expense payables	72,108,586,715	40,869,556,031
Other operating costs	19,836,924,431	23,766,839,803
TOTAL	604,477,891,652	544,238,608,117
In which:		
Accrued expenses to other parties	546,779,662,295	538,842,651,561
Accrued expenses to related parties (Note 24)	57,698,229,357	5,395,956,556

### 16. OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

	30 September 2017	VND 31 December 2016
•	oo deplember 2017	or Bootinger 2010
Investment contributions received for BCCs	105,446,942,190	104,968,306,716
Profit shared to BCC partners	63,404,816,205	138,587,844,427
Maintenance and warranty expenses	64,938,713,399	62,163,089,556
Dividends payable	1,057,415,664	1,293,638,876
Borrowings from individuals	17,160,000,000	17,160,000,000
Deposits received	777,385,000	665,385,000
Others	6,470,222,911	12,738,342,381
TOTAL	259,255,495,369	337,576,606,956
In which:		
Other payables to related parties (Note 24)	144,937,221,257	238, 279, 459, 479
Other payables to other parties	114,318,274,112	99,297,147,477

### 17. LOANS

	30 September 2017	VND 31 December 2016
Short-term Short-term loans from related parties (Notes 17.1 and 24) Short-term loans from individuals (Note 17.1) Short-term loan from a bank (Note 17.1) Current portion of long-term loans (Note 17.2) Current portion of bonds	214,110,795,000 14,054,947,000 55,763,336,107 127,553,819,000	28,000,000,000 56,052,601,000 13,000,000,000 97,743,358,000 99,690,509,259
	411,482,897,107	294,486,468,259
Long-term		
Loans from banks (Note 17.2)	363,521,745,000 127,553,819,000	402,004,745,000
Current portion Non-current portion	235,967,926,000	97,743,358,000 304,261,387,000
Current portion of bonds	-	99,690,509,259
Loans from related parties (Notes 17.2 and 24)	1,133,846,310,548	458,000,000,000
Current portion	176,500,000,000	450 000 000 000
Non-current portion	957,346,310,548	458,000,000,000
	1,369,814,236,548	762,261,387,000
TOTAL	1,781,297,133,655	1,056,747,855,259

### 17. LOANS (continued)

### 17.1 Short-term loans

Details of the short-term loans are as follows:

	30 September 2017 VND	Maturity date	Purpose	Interest rate (% p.a.)	Description of collateral
Short-term le	oans from individe	uals			
Short-term loans from individuals	14,054,947,000	9 December 2017	Support working capital needs	8.5 - 10.5	Unsecured
Short-term lo	oans from related	parties			
Nam Long ADC	29,110,795,000	28 September 2017		0.8	Llandania
Nam Phan - Loan 1	115,000,000,000	9 March 2018	Support working capital needs	.7.0	Unsecured
Nam Phan - Loan 2	40,000,000,000	24 April 2018	}	6.0	<b>&gt;</b>
Nam Phan - Loan 3	10,000,000,000	7 October 2017		6.0	
Nam Long Hong Phat	20,000,000,000	28 September 2017		7.0	
TOTAL	244 440 705 000	,			
IOIAL	214,110,795,000				
Short-term lo	oans from a bank				
Ho Chi Minh City Housing Development Bank	55,763,336,107	June 2018	Support working capital needs	7.5	LUR and associated assets in in Long An Province

### 17. LOANS (continued)

### 17.2 Long-term loans

Details of the long-term loan are as follows:

Lender	30 September 2017 VND	Maturity date	Purpose	Interest rate (%/p.a.)	Description of collaterals (Note 10)
Long-term lo	ans from related pa	arties			
Nguyen Son - Loan 1	267,346,310,548	27 December 2018		7.0	
Nguyen Son - Loan 2	400,000,000,000	28 April 2019	Support working	6.0	Unsecured
Nam Phan - Loan 1	176,500,000,000	24 May 2018	capital needs	8.0	
Nam Phan - Loan 2	290,000,000,000	15 May 2019		6.0	,
TOTAL	1,133,846,310,548				
In which : Current					
portion Long-term	176,500,000,000				
loan	957,346,310,548				
Long-term lo	ans from banks				
Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Loan 1	63,521,745,000	From 26 September 2016 to 6 May 2018	Support working capital needs	10.2	LUR for 1,064,307 square meters and future associated assets of Long An VCD project
Orient Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Loan 2	300,000,000,000	From 12 October 2017 to 12 October 2022	Purchase Hoang Nam project	9.9	Guaranteed by Hoang Nam Construction Trading Limited
TOTAL	363,521,745,000				
In which : Current					
portion Long-term	127,553,819,000				
Ioan	235,967,926,000				

### 18. CONVERTIBLE BOND

On 8 April 2016, the Board of Directors approved a detailed plan to execute the issuance of the convertible bonds amounting to VND 500,000,000,000 to Ibeworth Pte. Ltd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Keppel Land Ltd. in accordance with the terms and conditions stipulated in the shareholders' resolution No. 01/2016/NQ/PHDCD/NLGs dated 18 March 2016. On 15 April 2016, the Company issued VND 500,000,000,000 convertible bonds at par value of VND 1,000,000,000 per unit. The bonds will be converted into equity at the bond holder's option upon maturity and interest is charged from the purchase date at 7% per annum. Interest since the Interest Payment date last preceding the relevant Conversion date is waived if conversion option is exercised at a conversion price of VND 23,500 per share which is subject to adjustments for dilutive events if any.

The equity and liability component of the convertible bond are presented as below:

	VND 30 September 2017
Value of convertible bond Equity component (Note 19.1)	500,000,000,000 (40,503,427,830)
Liability component at initial recognition  Add: Accumulated amortisation	<b>459,496,572,170</b> 9,421,978,144
Liability component as at 30 September 2017	468,918,550,314

# Nam Long Investment Corporation

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the nine-month period ended 30 Sep 2017

# 19. OWNERS' EQUITY

						QNA
	Share capital	Share premium	Investment and development fund	Equity component of convertible bond	Undistributed earnings	Total
For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016	od ended 30					
31 December 2015 Issuance of new shares	1,415,721,570,000 5,423,530,000	492,337,147,061 (176,000,000)	5,940,860,165	1 1	266,837,657,808	266,837,657,808 2,180,837,235,034 - 5,247,530,000
Issuance or conventible bond Net profit for the period Dividends declared	1 1 1		1 1 1	40,503,427,830	89,143,263,220 (66,963,630,261)	40,503,427,830 89,143,263,220 (66,963,630,261)
Appropriation of net profit		1	ŧ	F .	(13,160,000,000)	(13,160,000,000)
30 September 2016	1,421,145,100,000	492,161,147,061	5,940,860,165	40,503,427,830	275,857,290,767	2,235,607,825,823
For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2017	od ended 30					
31 December 2016 Issuance of new shares Issuance of new shares Net profit for the period	1,421,145,100,000 9,581,600,000 141,537,390,000	492,161,147,061 (110,000,000)	5,940,860,165	40,503,427,830	330,100,694,490  (141,537,390,000) 473,031,070,142	2,289,851,229,546 9,471,600,000 - 473,031,070,142 (35,386,512,990)
Dividends deciared Appropriation of net profit		1			(22,790,000,000)	(22,790,000,000)
30 September 2017	1,572,264,090,000	492,051,147,061	5,940,860,165	40,503,427,830	603,417,861,642	2,714,177,386,698

(\*) On 24 August 2017, the Company issued of 14,153,739 shares as dividends to existing shareholders at ratio 9.96% and 958,160 new shares to the executives in accordance with the Executive Stock Grant program. This issuance was appropriated from undistributed earnings as at 31 December 2016 and bonus and welfare fund as at 25 April 2017, respectively, which in accordance with the Resolution of Shareholders No. 01/2017/NQ/DHDCD/NLG dated 22 April 2017.

### 20. REVENUES

20.2

### 20.1 Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services

TOTAL	563,029,561,862	81,567,215,354
Dividends income and gain from investment Interest income from loan to a related party Interest income from bank deposits Gains from disposals of investment	545,270,389,489 16,194,958,353 1,564,214,020	51,880,923,000 16,853,296,839 5,224,276,774 7,608,718,741
	For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2017	VND For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016
Finance income		
In which: Revenue from Engineering Procurement Contracts ("EPC") Sale of land, apartments, town houses and villas Rendering of services Rental income from investment properties	411,486,753,136 213,144,105,033 60,682,348,633	145,787,440,000 1,157,122,330,691 7,264,625,115 338,201,318
Net revenues	685,313,206,802	1,310,512,597,124
Less Sale deduction	(1,484,466,390)	ut .
In which: Revenue from Engineering Procurement Contracts ("EPC") Sale of land, apartments, town houses and villas Rendering of services Rental income from investment properties	411,486,753,136 214,628,571,423 60,682,348,633	145,787,440,000 1,157,122,330,691 7,264,625,115 338,201,318
Gross revenues	686,797,673,192	1,310,512,597,124
	period ended	period ended 30 September 2016
	For the nine-month	VND For the nine-month

36,295,566,792 10,031,721,597

73,871,025,634

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the nine-month period ended 30 Sep 2017

### 21. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

		VND
	For the nine-month period ended	For the nine-month period ended
		30 September 2016
Cost of Engineering Procurement Contracts		
services	388,538,746,767	
Cost of land, apartments, town houses and villas	135,180,272,156	913,972,386,830
Cost of rendering of services	53,489,543,073	5,158,342,691
Operating costs of investment property		464,193,392
TOTAL	577,208,561,996	1,057,201,857,881
FINANCE EXPENSES		
		VND
	For the nine-month	For the nine-month
		period ended
	30 September	•
	2017	•
Interest expense	93,013,979,539	27,543,737,245

### 23. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

TOTAL

Share profit to BCC partners

Other finance expenses

22.

The statutory corporate income tax ("CIT") rate applicable to the Company is 20% of taxable profits.

12,117,045,289

105,683,939,712

552,914,884

The tax returns filed by the Company are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the interim separate financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

	For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2017	
Current CIT expense Deferred income tax income	3,469,579,014 (547,253,818)	18,725,539,990 (3,061,453,896)
TOTAL	2,922,325,196	15,664,086,094

### 24. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows:

			For the nine- month period ended	VND For the nine- month period ended
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	30 September 2017	30 September 2016
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary	Management services fee Buy shares	7,617,176,956 1,795,000,000	4,259,933,623
Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary		131,110,795,000 130,000,000,000	4,002,641,000 20,000,000,000
		Ehome Dividend income	8,303,585,050 17,485,983,000	36,295,566,792 17,485,983,000
		Management services fee Payable interest	5,405,865,400 1,731,825,000	46,458,395,637 1,265,090,000
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Construction services expenses BCC Capital repayment Profit shared	151,245,165,898 23,221,073,511 22,360,000,000	226,897,168,278 - -
	I	Profit sharing to of a Ehome Payable dividend	7,550,073,511 1,619,039,085	-
Trading Floor	Subsidiary	Commission expenses Profit divided	23,156,590,807 1,000,000,000	38,082,970,258
Nguyen Phuc	Subsidiary	Dividend income Capital withdrawal	28,000,000,000 20,000,000,000	65,000,000,000
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Collection loan Capital contribution Loan to Revenue from consultant	32,700,000,000	2,943,400,000 10,300,000,000
		services Interest income		16,353,296,839
Nguyen Son	Subsidiary	Loan interest Revenue from management consultant service fee	t 38,604,324,579	- -
Naus Dhan	O. baldianı		400,479,040,000 605,000,000,000	
Nam Phan	Subsidiary	Capital contribution	1 290,000,000,000 t 171,500,000,000	64,055,000,000
		consultant service fee Loan interes	12,101,784,904	

Nguyên Sơn

Nam Long Service Subsidiary

Subsidiary

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at and for the nine-month period ended 30 Sep 2017

### 24. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties were as follows: (continued)

Related party	Relationship	Transaction		period ended	For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016
Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary	Loan drawdown Loan repayment Payable interest BCC Capital repayment	2	0,000,000,000 0,000,000,000 1,166,666,667 9,966,429,146	30,000,000,000
NLG – NNR – HR Fuji	Subsidiary	Revenue from EPC services	20	5,004,545,000	-
Kikyo Flora	Subsidiary	Capital contribution Revenue from EPC services		8,589,500,000 9,480,470,000	:
Kikyo Valora	Subsidiary	Capital contribution Revenue from EPC services		6,927,250,000 9,566,580,000	-
Nam Long	Subsidiary			4,431,762,150	4,407,313,517
PMD		Conference room service, electricity and water		1,595,863,845	337,984,845
NNH Mizuki	Joint venture	Capital contribution	75	50,000,000,000	-
Amounts due t	o and due from	n related parties were	as foll	ows:	
					VND
Related party	Relationship	Transa	action	30 Septemb 20	
Trade receiva	bles (Note 6)				
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Construction se expe Manage	enses	60,062,970,0	
		consultant service		9,599,599,7	23 9,599,599,723
Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary	Manage consultant servic			- 135,451,256

Management

Management

Office rental

service fee

5,120,000,000

733,212,590

618,529,275

733,212,590

618,529,275

consultant service fee

consultant service fee

### 24. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties were as follows:

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
Trade receivable	es (Note 6)			
Ms Nguyen Thi Bich Ngoc	Shareholder	Sale of apartment	231,750,000	231,750,000
Ms Ngo Thi Ngoc Lieu	Shareholder	Sale of apartment	110,005,097	110,005,097
NLG – NNR – HR Fujii	Subsidiary	EPC services fee	-	52,213,562,500
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Management consultant service fee	-	6,215,923,491
Nguyen Phuc	Subsidiary	Receipt of interest on late payment EPC services fee	-	4,926,000,000 2,881,109,110
Trading floor	Subsidiary	Management consultant service fee		1,009,840,840
			76,476,066,685	78,674,983,882
Advance to sup	pliers (Note 7	)		
Trading Floor	Subsidiary	Management service	14,206,767,272	4,362,622,817
Nam Long PMD	Subsidiary	Management service	191,367,000	183,923,300
Nam Vien	Indirect subsidiary	Construction service expenses	213,627,000	
			14,611,761,272	4,546,546,117
Loan receivable	es (Note 8)			
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Loan	196,974,190,411	218,876,890,411
Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary	Loan	_	28,664,682,000
			196,974,190,411	247,541,572,411

### 24. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties were as follows: (continued)

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	30 September 2017	31 December 2016
Other receivables	(Note 9)			
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Loan interest Disposal of tools	100,660,758,973 2,197,028,413	84,544,967,287 2,197,028,413
Nam Phan	Subsidiary	BCC capital withdrawal receivable	18,000,000,000	18,000,000,000
Nguyen Son	Subsidiary	Advance for land purchasing	2,079,195,184	2,079,195,184
Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary	Loan interest	1,243,055,556	1,163,888,889
NNH Mizuki	Joint venture	Payment on behalf	550,000,000	-
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary	Dividend receivable	327,800,000	327,800,000
		Disposal of fixed assets	165,000,000	165,000,000
NLG – NNR – HR Fuji	Subsidiary	Payment on behalf	113,404,095	113,404,095
Nguyen Phuc	Subsidiary	Borrow	1,859,000,000	
Nam Long PMD	Subsidiary	Deposit for rental	1,431,051,275	1,431,051,275
			128,626,293,496	110,022,335,143
Advance from a c	<b>ustomer</b> (Note	13)		
Kikyo Valora	Subsidiary	Advance for EPC services	90,000,000,000	
Trade payables (N	lote 12)			
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Construction service expenses	11,449,004,177	140,995,936,077
Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary	Management service expenses	18,260,402,149	17,305,773,199
Nam Long Service	Subsidiary	Management service expenses	2,111,117,392	2,989,058,872
Nam Long VCD	Subsidiary	Office rental	-	206,910,000
Nam Vien	Indirect subsidiary	Construction service fee	-	142,290,000
	·		31,820,523,718	161,639,968,148

### 24. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties were as follows: (continued)

				VND
Related party	Relationship	Transaction	30 September 2017 3	31 December 2016
			2077	71 2000////07 2070
Other payables (	(Note 16)			
Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary	Investment contribution received for BCC -		
		Ehome Project Profit share for	81,393,726,134	81,393,726,134
		Ehome Project	63,404,816,205	138,587,844,427
Nam Khang	Subsidiary	Dividends Investment contribution received for BCC -	-	•
		Long An Project	-	15,671,000,000
		Purchasing of ownership	-	2,488,210,000
Nam Phan	Subsidiary	Investment contribution received for BCC	138,678,918	138,678,918
			144,937,221,257	238,279,459,479
Loans (Note 17)			144,937,221,257	238,279,459,479
<i>Loans (Note 17)</i> Nguyen Son	Subsidiary	Loan	144,937,221,257 667,346,310,548	<b>238,279,459,479</b> 270,000,000,000
•	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan	Activities to the second secon	
Nguyen Son	•		667,346,310,548	270,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long	Subsidiary	Loan	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long	Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan Loan	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan Loan	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000 20,000,000,000	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000 28,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan Loan	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000 20,000,000,000	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000 28,000,000,000
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long Hong Phat	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan Loan	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000 20,000,000,000	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000 28,000,000,000 
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long Hong Phat  Accrual (Note 15) Nam Phan	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan Loan Loan interest	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000 20,000,000,000 <b>1,347,957,105,548</b> 27,132,833,332	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000 28,000,000,000 
Nguyen Son Nam Phan Nam Long ADC Nam Long Hong Phat  Accrual (Note 15) Nam Phan Nguyen Son Nam Long	Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary  Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary	Loan Loan Loan Loan interest Loan interest	667,346,310,548 631,500,000,000 29,110,795,000 20,000,000,000 <b>1,347,957,105,548</b> 27,132,833,332 28,323,976,914	270,000,000,000 188,000,000,000 28,000,000,000 

### 25. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Certain corresponding figures on the separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been reclassified to reflect the presentation of the current period's separate financial statements.

### 26. EVENT AFTER THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have been no other significant events occurring after the interim balance sheet date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the accompanying interim separate financial statements.

Luong Thi Kim Thoa

Chief Accountant

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN ĐÂU TƯ

TP HOCHLIChee Kwang

General Director

Pham Thi Duong Lieu Preparer

18 October 2017

To implement disclosure requirement of listed organization in Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange, Nam Long Investment Corporation explains revenue and net profit after tax of the Company in Quarter 3.2017 are as follows:

No.	Items	Quarter 3.2017	Quarter 3.2016	Variance
NO.	items	(VND)	(VND)	
Α	8	(1)	(2)	(3) = [(1) - (2)] /
				(2)
1	Net revenue	242,872,389,636	283,558,243,911	-14%
2	Net profit after tax	441,601,428,340	10,508,155,797	4102%

Net profit of Quarter 3.2017 is increased gradually when compared with the same quarter of 2016 mainly due to financial income increases. Net revenue in Quarter 3.2017 is 242 billion VND, decreasing 14% equivalents to 40 billion VND in comparison with the same period of 2016 because new projects have been in construction, old projects have been nearly completed handover process in 2016. Revenue in this quarter is mainly contributed by EPC services fee (occupied about 83% in total revenue) from Flora Fuji, Kikyo Flora, Kikyo Valora and Mizuki Park project, with amounting to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ billion VND, 49 billion VND, 43 billion VND, 27 billion VND respectively in Quarter 3.2017.

General Director

18 October 2017

